REPRINT

PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT (CAP. 30)

As in force at: 1 March 1996

STATUS: CURRENT

This version is that published in the Revised Edition of the Laws in force in Solomon Islands on 1st March 1996 [LN 24/96]

AN ACT TO MAKE PROVISIONS IN RESPECT OF THE GRANTING OF LEGAL AID BY THE PUBLIC SOLICITOR; AND FOR OTHER MATTERS CONNECTED THEREWITH OR INCIDENTAL THERETO

PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT (CAP. 30)

Table of provisions

| 1 | Short title | 1 |
|----|--|---|
| 2 | Interpretation | 1 |
| 3 | Scope of legal aid | 1 |
| 4 | Persons entitled to legal aid | 2 |
| 5 | Application for legal aid | 2 |
| 6 | Power to make enquiries | 2 |
| 7 | Grant of legal aid | 3 |
| 8 | Application for legal aid by more than one party | 4 |
| 9 | Payment of costs by aided person in certain events | 4 |
| 10 | Contributions by successful aided persons | 4 |
| 11 | Regulations | 5 |

PUBLIC SOLICITOR ACT (Cap. 30)

As in force at: 1 March 1996

1 Short title

This Act may be cited as the *Public Solicitor Act*.

2 Interpretation

In this Act:

"aided person" means a person to whom legal aid has been or is being provided;

"child" means a person under the age of eighteen years;

"costs" in relation to proceedings, includes court fees and fees payable for the service of process or in connection with the execution of process;

"guardian", in relation to a child, includes (without prejudice to the generality of the expression) such person as the Public Solicitor considers might properly be appointed by the Court to be the next friend or guardian ad litem of the child;

"legal aid" means legal aid provided under this Act;

"legal officer" means a legal practitioner employed in the office of the Public Solicitor; and

"legal practitioner" shall have the meaning assigned thereto by section 2 of the Legal Practitioners Act.

3 Scope of legal aid

Legal aid:

 (a) consists of representation of persons in proceedings, including all such assistance as are usually given in the steps preliminary or incidental to the proceedings or in arriving at, or giving effect to, a compromise to avoid or bring an end to the proceedings; and

(b) includes the providing of legal advice and assistance to persons in need of such advice and assistance.

4 Persons entitled to legal aid

For the purposes of this Act, legal aid shall be available:

- (a) to any person who qualifies for such aid in terms of section 92(4) of the *Constitution*; and
- (b) to such other persons whose income does not exceed such amount as the Minister may by order prescribe.

5 Application for legal aid

- Any person who, whether in his own right or in a representative or fiduciary capacity, wishes to be provided legal aid shall apply therefor to the Public Solicitor.
- (2) An application under subsection (1) shall be:
 - (a) made in such form as may be prescribed; and
 - (b) accompanied by a statutory declaration verifying the facts stated in the application.
- (3) If the person in need of legal aid is a child, the application shall be made by his guardian, but for the purposes of this Act, the child shall be deemed to be the applicant.

6 Power to make enquiries

- (1) Where an application is made under section 5, the Public Solicitor may:
 - (a) make such enquiries as he thinks fit as to the means of the applicant and the merits of the case;
 - (b) require the applicant to furnish such information and documents as the Public Solicitor may require in respect of the application;

and

- (c) take or cause to be taken such steps as may be necessary to conserve the interests of the applicant pending determination of the application.
- (2) The requirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1) may be dispensed with by the Public Solicitor to such extent as he considers appropriate, in the circumstances of a particular case.

7 Grant of legal aid

- (1) Subject to subsections (2), (3) and (4), the Public Solicitor shall provide legal aid to any person entitled thereto in accordance with section 4.
- (2) The Public Solicitor may refuse legal aid, although satisfied that the applicant is entitled thereto in accordance with paragraph (b) of section 4, if, in his opinion the applicant has disposed of any income for the purpose of satisfying the criteria set out in that section.
- (3) An applicant may be refused legal aid where it appears to the Public Solicitor that:
 - (a) only a trivial advantage would be gained by the applicant from the proceedings or the matter in respect of which legal aid is sought;
 - (b) on account of the simple nature of the proceedings or the matter, a legal practitioner would not ordinarily be employed; or
 - (c) in the particular circumstances of the case, it would be unreasonable for the applicant to be provided legal aid.
- (4) The Public Solicitor may refuse to provide, or may discontinue providing, legal aid to any applicant who:
 - fails without reasonable excuse to comply with any request made by the Public Solicitor under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section 6; or
 - (b) in furnishing any information or document requested by the Public Solicitor under paragraph (b) of subsection (1) of section

6, knowingly makes any false statement or knowingly furnishes any false document.

8 Application for legal aid by more than one party

If, in relation to any proceedings or matter to which a person who has made an application for legal aid is a party, any other party makes application for legal aid, the provisions of this Act shall apply to both parties:

Provided that the Public Solicitor may assign a separate legal officer to act for each party in connection with the proceedings or the matter.

9 Payment of costs by aided person in certain events

Where it appears to the Court that an aided person:

- (a) has obtained legal aid by fraud or misrepresentation; or
- (b) has acted improperly in bringing or defending the legal proceedings or in the conduct of them,

the Court may order the aided person to pay the costs of the Public Solicitor and where appropriate, the costs of the other party to the proceedings.

10 Contributions by successful aided persons

- (1) Subject to subsections (3), (4) and (5), where a person is provided legal aid under this Act and is successful, either in whole or in part, in the proceedings brought by him with the assistance of such legal aid, a contribution shall be payable by him to the Public Solicitor in an amount equivalent to such percentage as may be prescribed of the total sum of moneys recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings whether on his own behalf or on behalf of another.
- (2) All contributions paid to the Public Solicitor under subsection (1) shall be paid by the Public Solicitor into the Consolidated Fund.
- (3) No contribution shall be payable under subsection (1), unless the total sum of moneys recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings exceed such sum as may be prescribed.

- (4) No contribution payable under subsection (1) shall exceed half of the total sum recovered or preserved for the aided person in the proceedings.
- (5) The Public Solicitor may by notice in writing to the aided person waive, either in whole or in part, his rights to a contribution under subsection (1) where he is satisfied that it would cause serious hardship to the aided person if such rights are enforced and in all the circumstances it is just and equitable not to enforce the rights.
- (6) For the purposes of this section, proceedings shall be deemed to be successful where sums of moneys are recovered or preserved for the aided person either under a court order or under a compromise arrived at to avoid or bring to an end the proceedings.

11 Regulations

The Minister may make regulations:

- (a) prescribing any matter which, by this Act, is or may be required to be prescribed;
- (b) in the case where a person seeks legal aid in a matter of urgency, making provision necessary to meet the special circumstances;
- (c) making provision as to the manner in which the rate of a person's disposable income is to be computed for the purposes of this Act;
- (d) prescribing any forms to be used under this Act; and
- (e) generally for the better carrying out of all or any of the provisions of this Act.

ENDNOTES

1 KEY

amd = amended Pt = Part

Ch = Chapter rem = remainder
Div = Division renum = renumbered
exp = expires/expired rep = repealed
GN = Gazette Notice Sch = Schedule
hdg = heading Sdiv = Subdivision

ins = inserted SIG = Solomon Islands Gazette

It = long title st = short title
LN = Legal Notice sub = substituted

nc = not commenced

NOTE

This Reprint comprises the Act and amendments as in force on 1 March 1996 and published as Chapter 30 of the Revised Edition of the Laws of Solomon Islands.

2 LIST OF LEGISLATION

Public Solicitor Act (Cap. 30)

Constituent legislation: 25 of 1987 (Commenced 28 March 1989)

3 LIST OF AMENDMENTS